

# TRUELOGIC BLOG

NOTES FROM THE WORLD OF SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT, TECHNOLOGY AND STRATEGY

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## Minify Javascript with C#

September 18, 2015   amit   ASP.NET, Javascript/Jquery   0



The code below compresses and minifies javascript files. Minification is not the same as obfuscation. Minification removes all whitespace, comments and needless characters so that the end result is much smaller and is more difficult to read. Obfuscation does minification as well as mangles variables and functions so that the code is completely unreadable.

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The C# class takes in a javascript file and minifies and writes it out to another file.

The class can be called in a single line of code :

```
Minify js = new Minify(@"c:\myfiles\test.js");
```

The modified file will be saved as *c:\myfiles\test.js.min*

```
001 using System;
002 using System.Collections.Generic;
003 using System.Linq;
004 using System.Text;
005 using System.Threading.Tasks;
006 using System.IO;
007
008 namespace JSMinify
009 {
010     public class Minify
011     {
012         private string mFileName = "";
013         // file to process
014         private string mOriginalData =
015         ""; // data from original file
016         private string mModifiedData = "";
017         // processed data
018         private bool mIsError =
019         false; // becomes true if any error
020         happens
021         private string mErr =
022         ""; // error message
023         private BinaryReader mReader =
024         null; // stream to process the file byte by
025         byte
026
027         private const int EOF = -1;
028         // for end of file
029
030         /// <summary>
031         /// Constructor - does all the processing
032         /// </summary>
033         /// <param name="f">file path</param>
034         public Minify(string f) {
035
036             try
037             {
038                 if (File.Exists(f))
039                 {
040                     mFileName = f;
041
042                     //read contents completely.
043                     This is only for test purposes. The actual
044                     processing is done by another stream
045                     StreamReader rdr = new
046                     StreamReader(mFileName);
047                     mOriginalData =
048                     rdr.ReadToEnd();
049
050                     rdr.Close();
051
052                     mReader = new BinaryReader(new
```

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```

039 FileStream(mFileName, FileMode.Open));
040         doProcess();
041         mReader.Close();
042         //write modified data
043         string outFile = mFileName +
044         ".min";
045         StreamWriter wrt = new
046 StreamWriter(outFile);
047         wrt.Write(mModifiedData);
048         wrt.Close();
049     }
050     else {
051         mIsError = true;
052         mErr = "File does not exist";
053     }
054 }
055 catch (Exception ex) {
056     mIsError = true;
057     mErr = ex.Message;
058 }
059 }
060
061     /// <summary>
062     /// Main process
063     /// </summary>
064     private void doProcess() {
065         int lastChar = 1;           //
066         current byte read          //
067         int thisChar = -1;         //
068         previous byte read        //
069         int nextChar = -1;        //
070         byte read in peek()
071         bool endProcess = false;  //
072         loop control
073         bool ignore = false;      //
074         if false then add byte to final output
075         bool inComment = false;   //
076         true when current bytes are part of a comment
077         bool isDoubleSlashComment = false; //
078         '//' comment
079
080         // main processing loop
081         while (!endProcess) {
082             endProcess = (mReader.PeekChar() ==
083             -1); // check for EOF before reading
084             if (endProcess)
085                 break;
086
087             ignore = false;
088             thisChar = mReader.ReadByte();
089
090             if (thisChar == '\t')
091                 thisChar = ' ';
092             else if (thisChar == '\t')
093                 thisChar = '\n';
094             else if (thisChar == '\r')
095                 thisChar = '\n';
096
097             if (thisChar == '\n')
098                 ignore = true;

```

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```

093         if (thisChar == ' ')
094         {
095             if ((lastChar == ' ') ||
isDelimiter(lastChar) == 1)
096                 ignore = true;
097             else {
098                 endProcess =
(mReader.PeekChar() == -1); // check for EOF
099                 if (!endProcess)
100                 {
101                     nextChar =
mReader.PeekChar();
102                     if
(isDelimiter(nextChar) == 1)
103                         ignore = true;
104                 }
105             }
106         }
107
108
109         if (thisChar == '/')
110         {
111             nextChar = mReader.PeekChar();
112             if (nextChar == '/' || nextChar
== '*')
113             {
114                 ignore = true;
115                 inComment = true;
116                 if (nextChar == '/')
117                     isDoubleSlashComment =
true;
118                 else
119                     isDoubleSlashComment =
false;
120             }
121
122
123         }
124
125         // ignore all characters till we
reach end of comment
126         if (inComment) {
127             while (true) {
128                 thisChar =
mReader.ReadByte();
129                 if (thisChar == '*') {
130                     nextChar =
mReader.PeekChar();
131                     if (nextChar == '/')
132                     {
133                         thisChar =
mReader.ReadByte();
134                         inComment = false;
135                         break;
136                     }
137                 }
138                 if (isDoubleSlashComment &&
thisChar == '\n') {
139                     inComment = false;
140                     break;
141                 }
142             } // while (true)
143             ignore = true;
144         } // if (inComment)
145

```



```

208     private int isDelimiter(int c)
209     {
210         int retval = 0;
211
212         if (c == '(' || c == ',' || c == '=' ||
c == ':' ||
213             c == '[' || c == '!' || c == '&' ||
c == '|' ||
214             c == '?' || c == '+' || c == '-' ||
c == '~' ||
215             c == '*' || c == '/' || c == '{' ||
c == '\n' ||
216             c == ',')
217         {
218             {
219                 retval = 1;
220             }
221
222             return retval;
223         }
224     }
225
226
227
228 }
229 }

```

An example is given below:

Original file:

```

001 /* jshint define: false */
002
003 /**
004  * @file This plugin adds on primitive Object (like
string, number, array ...) additionnals methods
005  * @version 1.0
006  * @author Julien Roche
007  * @copyright MIT
008  */
009
010 (function(){
011     "use strict";
012
013     function definition($){
014         /* String part */
015         String.prototype.endsWith = function
(needle) {
016             return this && this.match(needle + "$")
== needle;
017         };
018
019         String.prototype.repeat = function (num) {
020             // return new Array(num + 1).join(this);
021             var arr = [];
022             arr.length = num + 1;
023             return arr.join(this);
024         };
025
026         String.prototype.startsWith = function
(needle) {
027             return this && this.match("^" + needle)
== needle;

```

```

028     };
029
030     /* Number part */
031     Number.prototype.toPaddedString = function
032 (length, radix) {
033         var string = this.toString(radix ||
10), slength = string.length;
034         for (var i = 0; i < (length - slength);
i++) {
035             string = "0" + string;
036         }
037         return string;
038     };
039     /* Array part */
040
041     // See http://www.to-
string.com/2012/05/29/fixing-splice-in-older-
versions-of-internet-explorer-8-and-olders/
042     if (document.documentMode &&
document.documentMode < 9) {
043         // save original function of splice
044         var originalSplice =
Array.prototype.splice;
045
046         // provide a new implementation
047         Array.prototype.splice = function() {
048
049             // since we can't modify
'arguments' array,
050             // let's create a new one and copy
all elements of 'arguments' into it
051             var arr = [],
052                 i = 0,
053                 max = arguments.length;
054
055             for (; i < max; i++){
056                 arr.push(arguments[i]);
057             }
058
059             // if this function had only one
argument
060             // compute 'deleteCount' and push
it into arr
061             if (arr.length==1) {
062                 arr.push(this.length - arr[0]);
063             }
064
065             // invoke original splice() with
our new arguments array
066             return originalSplice.apply(this,
arr);
067         };
068     }
069
070     // See https://developer.mozilla.org/en-
US/docs/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Array/fo
rEach
071     if(!Array.prototype.forEach) {
072         Array.prototype.forEach = function
forEach(callback, thisArg) {
073             var T, k;
074
075             if(this == null) {
076                 throw new TypeError("this is
null or not defined");

```

```

077     }
078
079     // 1. Let O be the result of
calling ToObject passing the |this| value as the
argument.
080     var O = Object(this);
081
082     // 2. Let lenValue be the result of
calling the Get internal method of O with the
argument "length".
083     // 3. Let len be
ToUint32(lenValue).
084     var len = O.length >>> 0;
085     // Hack to convert O.length to a
UInt32
086
087     // 4. If IsCallable(callback) is
false, throw a TypeError exception.
088     // See:
http://es5.github.com/#x9.11
089     if( {}.toString.call(callback) !==
"[object Function]") {
090         throw new TypeError(callback +
" is not a function");
091     }
092
093     // 5. If thisArg was supplied, let
T be thisArg; else let T be undefined.
094     if(thisArg) {
095         T = thisArg;
096     }
097
098     // 6. Let k be 0
k = 0;
099
100
101     // 7. Repeat, while k < len
102     while(k < len) {
103
104         var kValue;
105
106         // a. Let Pk be ToString(k).
107         // This is implicit for LHS
operands of the in operator
108         // b. Let kPresent be the
result of calling the HasProperty internal method
of O with argument Pk.
109         // This step can be combined
with c
110         // c. If kPresent is true, then
111         if(Object.prototype.hasOwnProperty
k)) {
112
113             // i. Let kValue be the
result of calling the Get internal method of O with
argument Pk.
114             kValue = O[k];
115
116             // ii. Call the Call
internal method of callback with T as the this
value and
117             // argument list containing
kValue, k, and O.
118             callback.call(T, kValue, k,
O);
119         }

```



```

120         // d. Increase k by 1.
121         k++;
122     }
123     // 8. return undefined
124 };
125 }
126 }
127
128     if (typeof module === "object" && typeof
module.exports === "object") {
129         // Node approach
130         definition();
131     }
132     } else if (typeof define === "function" &&
define.amd) {
133         // AMD approach
134         define("prototype", [], definition);
135     }
136     } else if (window.jQuery) {
137         // Classical way
138         definition();
139     }
140 }());

```

Minified file:

```

1 (function(){"use strict";function definition($){Stri
{return this&&this.match(needle+"$")==needle;};Strin
[];arr.length=num+1;return arr.join(this);};String.p
{return
this&&this.match("^"+needle)==needle;};Number.protot:
{var string=this.toString(radix||10),slength=string.
i++){string="0"+string;} return string;};if(document
{var originalSplice=Array.prototype.splice;Array.pro
[],i=0,max=arguments.length;for(; i < max; i++){arr.
{arr.push(this.length-arr[0]);}return
originalSplice.apply(this,arr);};}if(!Array.prototyp
{Array.prototype.forEach=function forEach(callback,t
TypeError("this is null or not defined"));var O=Obje
0;if({}.toString.call(callback)!=="[object Function]
a function");}if(thisArg){T=thisArg;}k=0;while(k < l
kValue;if(Object.prototype.hasOwnProperty.call(O,k))
{kValue=O[k];callback.call(T,kValue,k,0);}k++;};};}i
module.exports==="object"){definition();} else if(ty
{define("prototype",[],definition);} else if(window.

```

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